THE Numb. 161.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Friday, Auguſt 24, to Friday, Auguſt 31, 1739.

VIRGINIA. *By His Majeſty's Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander in Chief, of this Dominion.*

WHEREAS ſeveral unjuſt Seizures have been made, and Depredations carried on, in the *Weſt-Indies*, by *Spaniſh Guarda Coſtas*, and Ships acting under the Commiſſion of the King of *Spain*, or his Governors; contrary to the Treaties ſubſiſting between His Majeſty and the Crown of *Spain*, and to the Law of Nations; to the great Prejudice of the lawful Trade and Commerce of His Majeſty's Subjects; and many Cruelties and Barbarities have been exerciſed on the Perſons of His Majeſty's Subjects, whoſe Veſſels have been ſo ſeized by the ſaid *Spaniſh Guarda Coſtas:* And, tho' frequent Complaints have been made, to the Court of *Spain*, of theſe unjuſt Practices, yet no Satisfaction or Redreſs have been procured. And,

WHEREAS a Convention, for making Reparation to His Majeſty's Subjects, for the Loſſes ſuſtained by them, was Concluded between His Majeſty and the King of *Spain*, on the Fourteenth Day of *January* laſt, *N. S.* by which Convention it was ſtipulated, That the Sum of Ninety Five Thouſand Pounds, ſhould be paid at *London*, within a Term ſpecified in the ſaid Convention, as a Ballance due on the Part of *Spain*, to the Crown and Subjects of *Great-Britain*, which Term did expire on the Twenty-Fifth Day of *May* laſt; yet the Payment of the ſaid Sum, agreed by the ſaid Convention, has not been made, according to the Stipulation for that Purpoſe: By which Means, the Convention abovementioned, has been manifeſtly Violated and Broken, by the King of *Spain*; and His Majeſty's Subjects remain without any Reparation, or Satisfaction, for the many great and grievous Loſſes ſuſtained by them:

WHEREFORE, His Majeſty has thought fit, for Vindicating the Honour of His Crown, and for Procuring Reparation and Satisfaction for His injured Subjects, to Order Reprizals to be made, upon the Crown and Subjects of *Spain:*

AND, Whereas His Majeſty, by His Warrant, under His Royal Sign Manual, and Signet, bearing Date the Fifteenth Day of *June* laſt, Hath Authorized and Impowered Me, to iſſue forth and grant Commiſſions of *Marque* and *Reprizal*, to any of His Majeſty's Loving Subjects, or Others, who ſhall apply for the ſame, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid:

I Do, therefore, in Purſuance of His Majeſty's Commands, hereby make known, to all His Majeſty's Subjects, That I ſhall be ready to Grant Commiſſions of Marque *and* Reprizal, *for Arming and Fitting out private Ships of War, for the Apprehending, Seizing and Taking the Ships, Veſſels and Goods, belonging to the King of* Spain, *his Vaſſals and Subjects, or any inhabiting within his Countries, Territories, or Dominions, in the* Weſt-Indies; *ſuch Perſons deſiring ſuch Letters of* Marque *and* Reprizal, *giving ſuch Security only as has been uſual in the like Caſes.*

AND I Do, purſuant to His Majeſty's Commands, hereby ſtrictly Prohibit and Forbid all His Majeſty's Subjects, to furniſh to any of the Subjects of Spain, *any Arms, Ammunition, or any other Stores, of what Kind ſoever; until His Majeſty's Pleaſure be further ſignified.*

GIVEN at Williamsburg, *this Thirtieth Day of* Auguſt, M,DCC,XXXIX, *in the Thirteenth Year of His Majeſty's Reign.*

William Gooch.

Letter from Conſtantinople, April 30.

THE new Grand Vizir arriv'd at Adrianople the Beginning of this Month, and took Poſſeſſion of Mahomet's Standard with the uſual Formalities; after which he writ to the Grand Seignior, beſeeching him to recall Baſhaw Bonneval from his Exile, and ſend him to the Army; which Requeſt was immediately granted, and a Courier ſent to Caſtamona in Natolia to bring back the Count. The Marqueſs de Villeneuve, Embaſſador from the King of France, has receiv'd a Letter from the Grand Vizir, wherein that Prime Miniſter invites him to come to the Camp, in order to confer with him about Peace: To which his Excellency made Anſwer, that as he had not receiv'd the laſt Inſtructions he expected from Vienna, he could not poſſibly go to the Army; but that in the mean Time it would be proper to appoint the Plenipotentiaries that are to treat in the Name of the Grand Seignior. The Dragoman, or Grand Vizir's Interpreter has given the Embaſſador to underſtand, that if he ſhould propoſe a Suſpenſion of Arms, there was room to believe it would be granted. We don't yet know whether Ruſſia is included in this Negotiation. Our laſt Letters from Smyrna confirm the Defeat of Sare-Bey-Oglou.

Baſtia, May 12. A French Man of War has taken near Cape Corſe, 2 Barks laden with Arms and Ammunition for the Rebels. The Officer that was lately aſſaſſinated in his Bed, was the Major of the Regiment of Auvergne. Two Corſicans who committed this Action having been arreſted, the Marqueſs de Maillebois is determined to have them broke upon the Wheel, to intimidate the Inhabitants of this Place, which a numerous Garriſon does in no ſort hinder from ſhewing on all Occaſions their Hatred of the French; of which the following Story is a Proof: The Day that the Marqueſs de Maillebois arriv'd here, a Captain being commanded to meet him, and wanting a Horſe, gave Orders to hire one at any Price; one of the Inhabitants being apply'd to for that Purpoſe, inſolently refus'd to lend his Horſe; and perceiving that it would be taken by Force, he kill'd it, ſaying, *he choſe rather to loſe every Thing, than to do the French any Service*; for which he was ſent to Priſon and put into a Dungeon. This Animoſity of the Inhabitants appears the more ſtrange, becauſe the French ſpend much Money, obſerve an exact Diſcipline, and, were it not for ſome Gallantries, neither the Officers nor the Soldiers give the leaſt Reaſon to be complain'd of. The Cauſe therefore of the Corſicans of this Place ſhewing ſuch Hatred to the French, muſt ariſe from their being prevented by them from acting like the reſt of their Country Folks. Some who have been made Priſoners by the Rebels relate, that every one of them always goes arm'd with a Musket, two or more Piſtols, and a Poinard; that their Prieſts are arm'd in the ſame Manner; that there are very frequently Quarrels amongſt them, which commonly end in Murder. If the Murderer eſcapes, Revenge is taken by aſſaulting ſome of his Relations or Friends. That an Inhabitant of Bigiglia, lately married, having had ſome Familiarities with a Girl in the Neighbourhood, her Relations threaten'd to kill him; to prevent the Conſequences of their Reſentment, he murder'd his Wife and married the Girl; and that, in ſhort, being reſtrained by no Laws, they commit the moſt ſhocking Crimes with Impunity. They write from Calvi, that 2 French Officers going home one Night, were ſtabb'd in ſeveral Places with Poinards, and were at the ſame Time told by them who did it, that *in that manner they treated People who cut down their Olive Trees*, alluding to thoſe cut down near Monte Maggiore. The Marqueſs de Maillebois is already weary of being in this Iſland: He finds that it muſt either be abandon'd, or that by means of a powerful Army it muſt be entirely deſtroy'd.

Hague, May 14. The Miniſters of this Republic continues their Conſultations on their preſent State of Trade, and particularly their Eaſt and Weſt-India Companies.

The low Condition of thoſe two famous Companies give no ſmall Apprehenſions to thinking Men, who know that the Wealth, Power, and Glory of the State, do in a great Meaſure depend upon their Succeſs and Proſperity. The Reaſons therefore of this Decay are very nearly look'd into, one or two whereof I ſhall here give, after I have aſſur'd you, that I lay them not down as Conjectures and Hearſays, but as coming from the Originals, and from thoſe who are eminently employ'd in the ſaid Companies.

With Regard to the Eaſt India Company, which is by far the moſt wealthy and powerful, it has been found that they have moſtly by Shipwreck loſt, or had ſo miſerably ſhatter'd, as to be uſeleſs, 24 Ships within theſe 7 or 8 Years laſt paſt; which Loſs, at the moſt moderate Computation that can be made, muſt amount to 20 Millions of Gilders, or near 2 Millions of Pounds Sterling. I do not know, if in that Time the Engliſh Eaſt-India Company has loſt 1 Ship. The Reaſon of which is, that the latter man their Veſſels better than the Dutch, and make uſe of more skilful Pilots. It is not long ſince a Home bound Ship was carry'd to the Weſt-Indies inſtead of the Texel. This will hardly be credited; it is nevertheleſs true; nor was this found to be done, upon the cloſeſt Examination, thro' the Diſhoneſty, but Ignorance, of the Pilot.

Another manifeſt Cauſe of the Lowneſs of this Company, is the new Eſtabliſhments of the like Companies in other Countries, but eſpecially in the North, where the Dutch had the largeſt Vent for their Indian Commodities. Sweden and Denmark do now begin not only to ſerve themſelves with Spices, Teas, Drugs, and precious Toys, but alſo Ruſſia, and other Countries of the Baltick.

Our Correſpondent at Amſterdam writes, That the Affairs of Europe in general appear to be ſo confus'd, and are arriv'd at ſuch a Criſis, as muſt neceſſarily ſoon determine the Doubts and Uncertainties that moſt of the Courts of Europe are in. That of Ruſſia finds itſelf greatly embarraſs'd with the Meaſures that are likely to be taken in Sweden; this Nation appearing to be determin'd to take Advantage of the preſent Situation of Affairs in that Empire, which are not believed to be the happieſt, after having ſupported a three Years very expenſive War. On the other Hand, the Court of Peterſbourg is highly diſcontented at perceiving itſelf duped by France, who, ſince her having concluded the Treaty of Subſidy with Sweden, (notwithſtanding the laviſh Profeſſions of Kindneſs ſhe before made that Court) ſhews rather a Contempt of, than any Regard for it. Ruſſia is now ſenſible that the Crown of France is the Spring that gives Sweden its preſent Motion, and is vexed at being thereby prevented from employing all her Forces againſt Turky, and from ſending the 30,000 Men into Hungary ſhe had promis'd the Emperor. When the Imperial Miniſter made the Demand of theſe Troops, Count d'Oſterman told him, that the Empreſs could not with Safety part with ſo conſiderable a Body at a Time when a dark Cloud threaten'd Ruſſia, which had not yet diſcover'd with what Miſchiefs it was fraught, nor in what Quarter it would fall; and for this Reaſon her Czariſh Majeſty choſe to fulfil her Engagements with Money rather than Troops; and beſides, as the Empire of Ruſſia was at preſent circumſtanced, it behoved it to avoid making new Enemies, as it would have done the Poliſh Nation, by marching thoſe Troops thro' a Part of it. The Court of Ruſſia, now it is too late, perceives how erroneous it was, to ſuffer France to ſucceed in her Negotiation with Sweden, and it is thought would have taken more Pains to have thwarted it, but that this Court imagined Great-Britain would, if poſſible, have prevented Cardinal de Fleury from gaining ſo conſiderable a Point. 'Tis in order to take Steps proper to repair this faux Pas in Politicks, that the Departure of Prince Dolgorucki for Great-Britain was haſten'd. The Concluſion of the Treaty between this laſt Crown and that of Denmark, is look'd upon as paving the Way for taking Meaſures to traverſe the Deſigns of the Cardinal in the North. It is eaſy to judge from all this, how ſincerely his Eminence acts with the Court of Vienna.

Petersbourg, May 15. M. Rondeau, the King of Great Britain's Reſident at this Court, continues to have frequent Conferences with Count d'Oſterman, Vice Chancellor; ſeveral Couriers have lately been diſpatch'd to

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Copenhagen; and Mr. Titley, the Britiſh Envoy Extraordinary there, has Orders to act in Concert with the Ruſſian Miniſters, and ſecond his Negotiations as much as lies in his Power.

Petersbourg, May 16. This Court is fitting out at Cronſtadt a Man of War of 100 Guns, 1 of 64, and 3 of 54, and 2 Frigates of 32, which will be ready to put to Sea aſſoon as the Ice is gone.

Vienna, May 23. The Court has received half of the Millions of Rubles which the Czarina agreed to pay in Lieu of the Troops which Ruſſia ſhould have furniſh'd to the Emperor. The Chriſtians of Albania and Macedonia arrive daily at Belgrade with their beſt Effects, in order to ſhelter themſelves from the Reſentment which the Porte ſtill preſerves againſt them, for having form'd a Deſign to throw off the Turkiſh Yoke three Years ago. They ſay that if the Imperial Army could have drawn near their Provinces during the laſt Campaign, as Count Seckendorff did in 1737, above 40,000 of the Inhabitants would have taken up Arms in Favour of his Imperial Majeſty.

Hambourg, May 26. We hear that the Affair of Steinhorſt, the Accommodation of which was only proviſional, has juſt been finally ſettled and decided in the following Manner: The King of Great-Britain, as Elector of Hanover, is to remain in Poſſeſſion of that Bailywick, upon Condition of paying 70,000 Crowns to the King of Denmark for his Pretenſions to it; and his Britannick Majeſty will cede the Precedency aſſumed in the Dyet of the Empire by the Dutchy of Saxe-Lawenbourg over Holſtein Gluckſtadt.

Paris, May 29. They write from Toulon, that the Ships deſign'd for tranſporting the 4th Body of Troops to the Iſland of Corſica have been diſmiſs'd; which is attributed to 2 different Reaſons, either to the Difficulty of ſubduing the Rebels, or to the Impoſſibility of ſubſiſting a greater Number of Troops there. It's added, that 3 Ships carrying Neapolitan Colours, were ſeen ſailing towards that Iſland.

Letter from Copenhagen, May 2.

The Treaty of Subſidy and Alliance, between this Crown and Great-Britain, beſides the Articles which we have already mentioned, are, That the Body of Troops which his Daniſh Majeſty is to keep in Readineſs for the Service of Great-Britain, ſhall ſerve where-ever that Crown thinks proper, except it be in Italy, on board a Fleet, or beyond Sea, unleſs it be for the immediate Defence of Great-Britain; that in caſe his Daniſh Majeſty ſhould be attack'd, conformable to what has been ſettled in that Reſpect in one of the Articles of the Treaty, and in fine, the Two contracting Powers ſhall ſupport each others Commerce, in caſe a War ſhould kindle in Europe, &c. This Treaty contains likewiſe Two ſeparate Articles: In the Firſt, it is agreed, That whenever the Crown of Great-Britain ſhall have Occaſion for a greater Number of Troops, his Daniſh Majeſty is to make a new Convention on that Head with his Britannick Majeſty. The Second ſeparate Article ſtipulates, That as the Preſervation of the Publick Tranquility of Europe, particularly in the North, is the principal Object of this Treaty, the Two contracting Powers engage themſelves to act always in Concert in that Reſpect, and not to do any thing without the Participation of each other, nor enter into a ſeparate Treaty with any other Power whatſoever, relating to the ſaid Object of the Tranquility of Europe, particularly in the North.

LONDON, May 29.

We have Advice from Belgrade, that the Turks having ſent a great Number of Barks laden with Proviſions and Warlike Stores, from Widdin to Orſova, a Hurricane ſuddenly aroſe, by which almoſt half of them were loſt.

We hear, that in moſt of the Provinces of France, the Winter Corn is dead at the Root.

We hear the French are filling all their Magazines with Corn, &c. as if ſomethiug very extraordinary was on the Carpet; which occaſions various Speculations.

Yeſterday an Expreſs arriv'd from the Earl of Waldegrave at Paris, relating, as we hear, to Affairs of great Moment.

We hear, that next Week 16 Sail of Men of War of the Line, will be actually put in Commiſſion.

Orlando Bridgman, Eſq; of St. James's Square, Clerk of the Green Cloth to his Majeſty, when Prince of Wales, and Son to Sir Orlando Bridgman, Bart. is to ſucceed Sir Archer Croſts, Bart. as one of the Lords Commiſſioners of Trade and Plantations; Sir Archer being to go Governor of New-York.

A Treaty of Marriage is talk'd of, between the Prince Royal of Denmark, who is about 17 Years of Age, and the Princeſs Amelia; as alſo, between Prince William, and the Princeſs Royal of Denmark.

In the Bill for a Lottery, we hear there is a Clauſe for the Suppreſſion of Faro, the Ace of Hearts, Baſſet, Hazard, &c. under large Penalties and Reſtrictions.

Extract of a Letter from New-port, Rhode-Iſland.

A Sloop arriv'd here laſt Week from Hiſpaniola, which brings News that a French Guarda Coſta had taken ſeven Engliſh Veſſels which were Trading upon that Coaſt; three of which belong to this Colony, two to New-York and two to Boſton.

Portſmouth, Aug. 2. Capt. Grant arrived here from Chatham in 8 Weeks, who brings News that it was generally thought by every Body, that War with Spain would be proclaim'd in a ſhort Time; and ſeveral Men of War would ſhortly be put in Commiſſion.

Prices of Goods, &c in Philadelphia, *Aug.* 16.

By the Hundred.	*By the Gallon.*
Flour, 8 *ſ.* 3.	*Weſt-India* Rum, 2 *ſ.* 3.
Biskett, *White*, 16 *ſ.*	Molaſſes, 1 *ſ.* 6.
Middling, 12 *ſ.* 6.	*By the Buſhel.*
Brown, 8 *ſ.* c.	Wheat, 2 *ſ.* 9.
Ship, 9 *ſ.* 6.	Ind. Corn, 1 *ſ.* 3.
Muſc. Sug. 1 l. 16 s.	

WILLIAMSBURG, Auguſt 31.

On *Tueſday* laſt, His Honour, the Governor, receiv'd a Packet from one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, with Orders and Inſtructions of great Moment in the preſent Situation of Affairs, between *Great-Britain* and *Spain*: In Conſequence of which, His Honour has been pleaſed to Publiſh his Readineſs to grant Commiſſions of Marque and Reprizals to any of His Majeſty's Subjects, for Fitting out Veſſels for Seizing and Taking the Ships, Veſſels, and Goods, belonging to the King of *Spain*, or his Subjects. This Packet came by the *Tartar* Man of War, Capt. *Durell*, to *Boſton*, who was diſpatch'd with Orders and Inſtructions to the ſeveral Governors, and Commanders of His Majeſty's Ships, in the *Northern* Parts of His *American* Dominions. And by a Sloop, which arriv'd two Days ago at *Hampton*, from *Barbadoes*, we learn, That a ſmall Ship of War was arriv'd at that Iſland from *England*, with Advice, That War was proclaim'd in *England*, againſt *Spain*. She brought Orders and Inſtructions to the Governor of that Iſland; and is proceeded to ſome of the other Iſlands with the like Diſpatches: That 5 Days before the above-mention'd Sloop left *Barbadoes*, War was proclaim'd there againſt *Spain*: And we are inform'd, by Letters from the *Norward*, and Ships that came down the Bay, that War is Proclaim'd, at *New-York*, *Amboy*, *Philadelphia*, *Annapolis*, &c. ---- We hear, That His Majeſty's Ships on this Station, have receiv'd Orders from the Right Hon. the Lords of the Admiralty, to cruiſe forthwith on this Coaſt, and to take, ſink, burn, deſtroy, or otherwiſe annoy, any Ship or other Veſſels belonging to the King or Subjects of *Spain*, where-ever they meet with them. So that it's beyond Doubt that War is proclaim'd in *England*; of which we daily expect further Accounts. ---- *Several of our Merchants have been long complaining of the Difficulties and Dangers they underwent in ſending their Veſſels to Sea, leſt they ſhould be taken by the* Spaniards; *they have now a fair Opportunity of redreſſing their Grievances, by making Reprizals on their Enemies; and it is not doubted but there are Men of Spirit as well as Ability, in this Colony, who will fit out Veſſels for that Purpoſe, to the Honour and Intereſt of themſelves and their Country.*

ADVER-

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Next Week will be Publiſh'd,

A Continuation of the ABRIDGMENT *of the Public Acts of Aſſembly of VIRGINIA.*

By JOHN MERCER, *Gent.*

Containing the Acts of the laſt Seſſion of Aſſembly, and ſuch Precedents as were omitted in the former Abridgment. *With Directions for the better underſtanding the ſeveral Tables, and for altering ſuch Clauſes of the former Acts as are repealed, or any ways interfere with the Laws of the laſt Seſſion.*

Such Gentlemen who ſubſcribed for the Abridgment, *and have received their Books, on ſending their Names and Places of Abode to the ſaid* Mercer, *in* Stafford *County, or to the Printing-Office, in* Williamsburg, *ſhall have the Continuation given to them,* Gratis, *either delivered to their reſpective Orders; or they ſhall, with the firſt Opportunity, be ſent into the ſeveral Counties where they live: And as many of thoſe who have not yet received the Books they ſubſcribed for, upon like Notice, may have the Continuation bound up, with as many of the* Abridgments, *as now remain to be bound. Thoſe Subſcribers, who have not taken their Books, are deſired forthwith to ſend for them; the Delay being injurious to the Author.*

THESE are to forwarn all Perſons from making Uſe of the Moorings belonging to the Ship Gooch, *at* Weſt-Point, *in* York *River, unleſs they will pay for the ſame. And if any Perſons are deſirous to hire the Uſe of the ſaid Moorings, for Ships, and other Veſſels, they may agree on the Terms, if they apply to Col.* William Baſſet, *in* New-Kent *County, who is impower'd to treat for the ſame, by me,* Charles Friend.

STray'd away, about 12 *Months ago, from the Plantation of the Subſcriber, in* King William *County, a middle-siz'd White Horſe, branded on the near Buttock with the Letter* H, *and has loſt a Piece out of one of his Ears. Whoever will bring him to me, in* King William *County, aforeſaid, ſhall have a Piſtole Reward; or, any Perſon that will give Notice of him, ſo that I may have him again, ſhall be handſomely rewarded for his Trouble, by* George Seaton.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, in Weſtmoreland *County, the* 17*th of* June *laſt paſt, a Servant Man, named* Jude Matthews: *He is about Twenty Five Years old, and of a middle Stature, an* Iriſhman, *with ſhort Black Hair, and his Face Pock-fretten, his Apparel as followeth,* viz. *Two Pair of Oznabrig Trowſers, a Pair of Buck-skin Breeches, and a brown-colour'd Kerſey Coat; alſo a Pair of* Virginia *Shoes and Stockings.*

Whoever apprehends the ſaid Servant, and brings him to his Maſter, at the Head of Nominy *River, in the County aforeſaid, ſhall have Four Piſtoles Reward, paid by me,* Coleman Read.

RAN away, the 8*th of* July *laſt, from the Subſcribers, living in* Weſtmoreland *County, Four Servant Men,* viz. John Mackue, Francis Man, Daniel Fitzpatrick, *and* John Freelove.

John Mackue *is an* Iriſhman, *of a middle Stature, ſwarthy Complexion, his Hair is juſt cut off, and is a Blackſmith by Trade: He has on one of his Arms a Bleeding Heart, prick'd with Gunpowder, and a Name at Length, with ſeveral other Letters. He had on, when he went away, a blewiſh grey Coat and Breeches, a Dowlas Shirt, and an old Hat; he alſo took with him, a Pair of long Trowſers, and an Oznabrig Shirt.*

Francis Man *is an* Engliſhman, *of a middle Stature, ſwarthy Complexion, ſhort brown Hair, and yellowiſh rotten Teeth, ſpeaks quick and full Mouth'd; he goes a little lame, and ſays one of his Legs has been broke; he is a Blackſmith by Trade. He had on, when he went away, a* Manx *Cloth Veſt, a coarſe Pair of long Trowſers, Shoes and Stockings, and a Felt Hat; he alſo carried with him, a Smith's Hand Vice, a Pair of Spoon-Moulds, and ſome Files.*

Daniel Fitzpatrick, *is an* Iriſhman, *with the Brogue on his Tongue, is a ſhort, ſquat, well-made Fellow, with ſhort black Hair, broad Faced, and is very Hairy about the Breaſt; he is a Farmer and Ditcher. He had on, when he went away, a grey Kerſey Veſt, a Pair of long coarſe Linen Breeches, a coarſe Check Shirt, and a Felt Hat; he alſo had with him a white Shirt.*

John Freelove, *is a Gardener by Trade, has a red Head, white Eye-brows, thin Viſage, and a clear Skin; he is a very great Rogue, and has been burnt in the Hand. He had on, when he went away, an old Cloth Coat, a coarſe Check Shirt, a Pair of long Trowſers, an old white Wigg, and a Felt Hat.*

The ſaid Servants went away in a 16 *Foot Boat, and had an old Sloop's Fore ſail for a Sail.*

Whoever will apprehend the ſaid Servants, and bring or ſend them to the Subſcribers, ſhall have the following Rewards, viz. *for* Francis Man, *Ten Pounds* Virginia *Currency, if taken in* North Carolina, *and Twelve Pounds if he be taken in* South-Carolina; *and Five Pounds a Piece for* Daniel Fitzpatrick, John Freelove, *and* John Mackue. William Aylett, John Buſhrode.

Auguſt 17, 1739.

RAN away, on the 5*th of this Inſtant* Auguſt, 1739, *from the Subſcriber, living in St.* Mary's *County, on* Potowmack *River, in* Maryland, *a Servant Man, nam'd* Thomas Macoun, *and with him a Negro Fellow, nam'd* Robin.

Macoun *is a ſlender, neat-made impudent* Iriſhman, *of a middle Stature, brown Complexion, very dark Eye-brows and Beard, a nimble upright Walk, and can ſpeak broad* Scotch. *He profeſſes Dancing, Fencing, Writing, Arithmetick, drawing of Pictures, and can play Legerdemain, or ſlight of Hand Tricks. He had on, when he went away, a large Hat, a brown Cue Wig, a dark colour'd old Cloth Coat, a* German *Serge Waſtecoat, a Pair of ſhort Linen Breeches, a Pair of long Ditto, Thread Stockings, and a Pair of* London *Falls; he alſo took with him a Linen Coat, 2 Pair of Thread Stockings, and a white ſtrait Wig; ſtole a good drab Great Coat, and it's ſuſpected, a Silver hilted Sword, 2 ruffled Shirts, one red Cloth Waſtecoat, and one blew Ditto, and ſeveral other Things.*

The Negro is a Native of Madagaſcar, *a nimble Fellow, ſhort and ſlender, has loſt his Fore Teeth, and has a long Cut on one of his Shins: He had with him two dark colour'd* Manx *Cloth Jackets, one Ditto of Plains, fac'd with red, a red Coat with Braſs Buttons, and turn'd up with yellow, and an old grey* Manx *Cloth Great Coat. They went away in a* 16 *Foot Boat, with Schooner Sails, the Fore ſail very ragged, the Rudder painted red, and a Pair of red Oars.*

If they ſhould be taken up and ſecured in Pennſylvania, *it is requeſted, that Notice may be given to Mr.* Franklin, *Printer, in* Philadelphia: *If taken and ſecured in the* Southern *Parts of* Virginia, *that Notice may be given to Mr.* John Taylor, *Merchant in* Norfolk, *or to* William Parks, *Printer, in* Williamsburg: *And if they ſhould be taken and ſecured in* Carolina, *that Notice may be given to Dr.* Abraham Blackhall, *at* Edenton; *for which Notification, a Piſtole Reward ſhall be given by either of the Perſons before-mentioned, beſides what the Law allows. And whoever will apprehend the ſaid Servant and Slave, and bring them to me, in St.* Mary's *County, on* Potowmack, *or to Major* John Waughop, *in* Northumberland *County,* Virginia, *on* Potowmack *River, ſhall have* 6 *Piſtoles Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by Major* Waughop, *aforeſaid, or by me,* Robert Cheſley.

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